Amendment No 1

Insert the following manuscript amendments:-

1 Page 1

i SPECIFICATION AUTHORITY

Delete "Ministry of Supply RRE"
Insert "PROCUREMENT EXECUTIVE, MINISTRY OF DEFENCE"

ii SPECIFICATION TITLE

Delete "SPECIFICATION MOS/CV2469"
Insert "SPECIFICATION MOD(PE)CV2469"

iii Screen:-

Delete "Willemote, aluminium backed".

Insert "GG2 (P31) phosphor"

2 Page 2

Test Clause (d)

In the column headed "Limits Max" Delete "27" Insert "22"

3 Page 3

Test Clause (j)

In the columns headed:-

i Test

Delete "m secs" Insert "u secs"

ii "Limits Min"

Delete "10" Insert "20"

iii "Limits Max"

Delete "26" Insert "50"

Procurement Escec. Men of DEFENCE	UC CV 2469						
Issue 1, dated: 14th July 1958 To be read in conjunction with K DO1 and BS.448 Indicates	SECURITY Specification Valve Unclassified Unclassified a change						
TYPE OF VALVE:- Cathode Ray Tube TYPE OF DEFLECTION:- Magnetic	MARKING See KlOOI/4						
TYPE OF FOCUS:- Electrostatic BULB:- Glass, internally coated with conductive coating. SCREEN:- Hillemite, aluminium backed	<u>side contact</u> bs.448. ct.7						
PROTOTYPE VCRX LOY PHOSPHOR RATING Note	<u>BASE</u> BS.448. Bl2A With metal shell						
Heater Voltage (V) 6.3 Heater Current (A) 0.6 A Max a2 and a4 Voltage (KV) 13 B Min. a2 and a4 Voltage (KV) 350 Min. a1 voltage (V) 250 a3 voltage limits (V) ± 500 D Peak Cathode Current (uA) 250 TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS a2 and a4 voltage (KV) 12 a1 voltage (V) 300 a3 voltage (V) 300 a3 voltage (V) 300 a3 voltage (V) 300 a3 voltage (V) 15	CONNECTIONS Pin Electrode 1						
NOTES	Side a2 and a4, Contact						
 A. Heater current may be between 0.3 and 0.6 amps nominal B. Absolute maximum value. C. The tube should operate satisfactorily with either the anode or cathodeat earth potential. D. For a given set of operating conditions optims swing of 400 volts within the limits of ± 500 	volts.						
E. No deflecting field should extend further into the electron gun region than 103 mm. from the "reference plane", see drawing page 5.							

CV2469 To be performed in addition to those applicable in K1001

8	Most Conditions	Best	1	Limits		No.		
Perso	Test Conditions	Test			Max.	Tested		
	See Kl001/5.A.13	Capacitances 1. Grid to all other electrodes 2. Cathode to all other electrodes	(pf)		12 12	% (20) % (20)		
	FOR ALL TESTS GIVEN BELOW Vh = 6.3 VOLTS							
b		Heater Current 1. Limits 2. Deviation from manufacturers nominal	(A) (%)	0.27		10 0 %		
FOR ALL TESTS GIVEN BELOW, EXCEPT "k", Val = 3007; Va2 and Val = 12 kv								
C	Adjust Ve2 for optimum focus and Vg for out-off see K1001/5A.10.	 	(V)	30	70	100%		
đ	Using a focussed raster of convenient size adjust Vg to give a light intensity of 2.0 candels	Change in Vg from that in	(V)	·	22 27	100%		
е	Adjust va3 for optimum focus at the centre of a linear scan in two directions at right angles successively and a scan length of 100 mm. and 100 uS duration Grid drive from cut-off with a 100 uS pulse at 50 p.p.s repetition and amplitude found in test *d1*.	1. Line width, measured at the centre of the trace 2. Va3 3. 1a3	(MB) (V) (MB)		0,5 •200 15	100% 100% 100%		
Î	(1) Vg = -70 volts OR (11) See Kl001/5A.3.2 Resistor 10 megohm	Grid Insulation (i) Leakage Current OR (ii) Increase in voltmeter reading	(Aß)		7 10 0 %	100%		
g	Adjust Va3 for optimum focus and Vg any convenient value. No deflecting field.	Deviation of spet from the geometric centre of the screen.	(mm)		7	100%		

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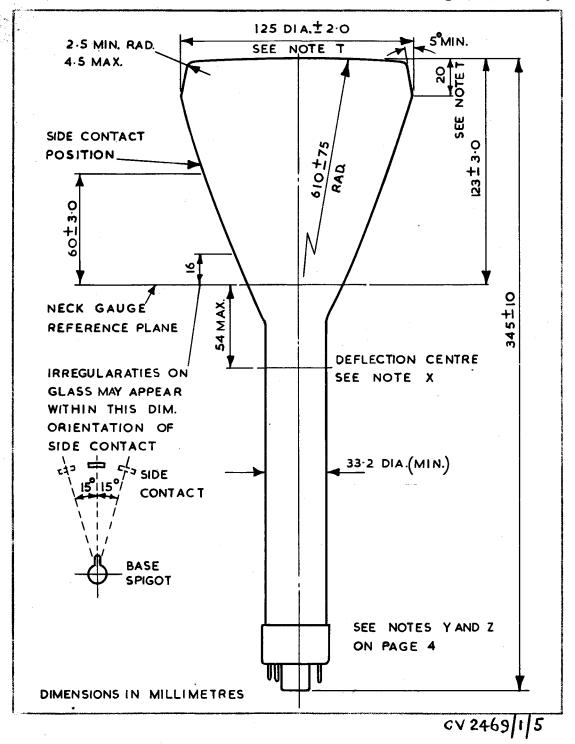
Clause	Test Conditions	Test	Limits Min. Max.	No. Tested		
H	With deflection to cover the useful screen diameter, using deflection coils positioned with their centre of deflection at least 54 mm. from the reference plane, adjust Vaj for optimum focus with Vg as in test "d".	<u>Useful Screen Area</u> Diameter centred on centre of screen (mm)	105	100%		
73	With no deflecting fields modulate the grid from cut-off with a pulse of 2 uS duration at any convenient p.r.f. below 25 c/s and amplitude found in test "d", adjust Va3 for optimum focus. Using a photocell, coupled to a suitable monitor, observe the decay curve	Afterglow Decay time to 10% of initial light intensity (m.sees	10 26 20 50	5% (5)		
k	Vai Va2 and 4 Vg 500V 15kV -150V Preheat cathode at Vh = 6.3V for 10 mins. The tube to be held with the screen horizontal and uppermost. Va3 as found in test "e.2". The tube to be viewed for 10 secs. in a dark box whilst the neck of the tube is tapped with an approved forked rubber covered wooden hammer at 4 taps per second minimum	Any flash over or stray emission can be ignored during the first 5 secs. when the "beam" shall be deflected off the screen. During the remaining 5 secs., when there shall be no deflecting field, the tube shall be rejected if flashover or stray emission causes visible screen excitation.				
1	Defocused rester of any convenient brightness to cover the useful screen area. See note 1.	Blemishes. (Stones, bubbles and screen defects). Above 1.0 mm dia 1.0 mm to 0.5 mm dia Below 0.5 mm dia. ignore Spacing between blemishes (mm)	None 6			
1.	NOTES If two or more blemishes including those below 0.5 mm are separated by a distance not greater than the maximum dimension of the largest blemish in the group, then the group of blemishes shall be considered as one blemish of dimension equal to the maximum overall dimension of the group.					

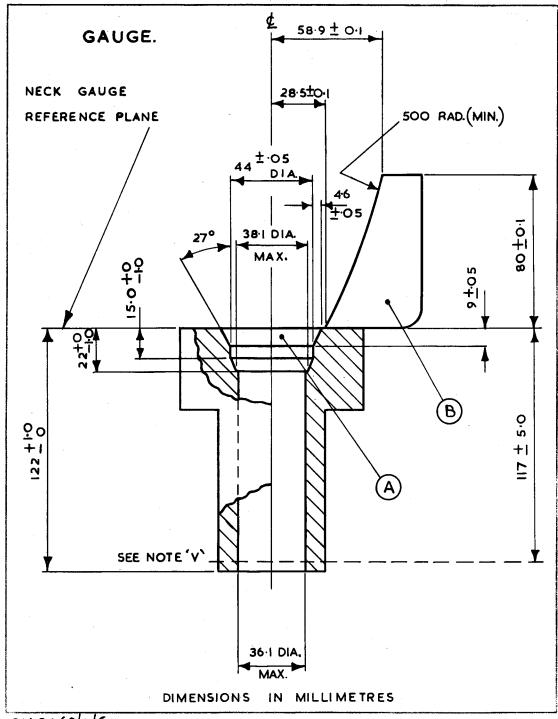
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DRAWING NOTES

- T. At a distance of 20 mm from the front face the diameter of the tube shall be 125 ± 2.0 mm and nowhere shall the diameter be greater than 127 mm.
- U. The gauge drawing on Page 6 is not a working drawing for the manufacture of a suitable gauge but it is intended only to indicate critical dimensions with tolerances.
- V. At this plane the gauge will include a centring device to align the gauge axis with the neck axis, where the neck axis is the locus of the average radius for an irregular neck. The accuracy of the centring device shall be such that it is capable of repeatedly clamping a truly circular body of nominal neck diameter so that its axis does not deviate from the gauge axis by more than 0.2 mm.
- W. Concentricity of all turning on the neck gauge to be within + 0.025 mm.
- X. The "Deflection Centre" is the physical centre of a deflection coil which has a symmetrical axial field.
- Y. When the neck gauge is pushed along the neck of the tube as far as it will go it shall only make contact with the tube over the taper (A) and at the centring device. When the tube is rotated in the gauge through one revolution, minus the irregular glass area permitted for the side contact, whilst mating with the taper (A) of the gauge, the bulb shall not foul against the vane (B). The position of the neck gauge reference plane relative to the tube shall be determined by pushing the gauge along the neck of the tube until it mates with the taper (A).
- Z. The extended neck axis, defined as the axis of the neck gauge (Page 6) must not deviate from the geometric centre of the screen face by more than 2.0 mm at the screen face plane.

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